Index

3 Corporate Governance Report
3 1. Principles of corporate governance
3 2. Group structure and shareholders
4 3. Cross-shareholdings
4 4. Capital structure
4 5. Board of Directors
8 6. Elections
9 7. Internal organizational structure
12 8. Group management
14 9. Remuneration, shareholdings, and loans
14 10. Shareholders’ participation rights
14 11. Change of control and defense measures
14 12. Information policy
15 13. Auditors
15 14. Enterprise risk management (ERM)
Corporate Governance Report

1. Principles of corporate governance
   In defining the management structure, organization, and processes of the Clariant Group, the corporate governance principles aim to provide stakeholder value and transparency to promote sustainable long-term success. The Group is committed to Swiss and international standards of corporate governance by following the respective statutory provisions and the rules issued by the SIX Swiss Exchange and by implementing the principles of the Swiss Code of Best Practices for Corporate Governance. The principles and regulations on corporate governance are described in the Swiss Code of Obligations, the Directive on Information relating to Corporate Governance by SIX Swiss Exchange, the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Listed Stock Corporations, the Articles of Association of Clariant Ltd, the Bylaws, the organizational Group regulations of the Clariant Group, and the Clariant Code of Conduct. The Board of Directors adapts the internal documents regularly. The Articles of Association, the Bylaws of the Board of Directors, and the Clariant Code of Conduct can be viewed on the internet at www.clariant.com/corporate-governance.

2. Group structure and shareholders
   2.1. Group structure
   The registered address of Clariant Ltd is Rothausstrasse 61, 4132 Muttenz, Switzerland. The company's business operations are conducted through Clariant Group companies. Clariant Ltd, a holding company organized under Swiss law, directly or indirectly owns all Clariant Group companies worldwide. With the exception of Clariant Chemicals (India) Ltd, these companies' shares are not publicly traded. Clariant owns 51% of the publicly traded company Clariant Chemicals (India) Ltd, based in Airoli, Navi Mumbai, India, and listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange in India under Stock ID »CLNINDIA«, ISIN No. INE492A01029, with a market capitalization of INR 8 910 728 118 (approx. CHF 120 435 789).

   The important subsidiaries of Clariant Ltd are listed in Note 36 of the »Notes to the consolidated financial statements of the Clariant Group« of the Financial Report 2019 (pages 63 to 65).

   The Group conducts its business through seven Business Units (Additives; Catalysts; Functional Minerals; Industrial & Consumer Specialties; Oil and Mining Services; as well as the Business Units Masterbatches and Pigments, which are both held for sale) and reports its continued operations in the following three Business Areas: Care Chemicals; Catalysis; and Natural Resources (including Additives).

   2.2. Significant shareholdings of 3% or more of total share capital
   Based on the notifications received by Clariant and published by SIX Exchange Regulation, as of 31 December 2019, the following shareholders held 3% or more of voting rights in Clariant Ltd:
Disclosure notifications during the financial year 2019 reported to the Stock Exchange Disclosure Office pursuant to Art. 120 of the Financial Markets Infrastructure Act (FMIA) as well as further information in relation to disclosure notifications can be found on the SIX Swiss Exchange reporting platform: www.six-exchange-regulation.com/en/home/publications/significant-shareholders.html

At 31 December 2019, Clariant AG itself held 2,586,765 shares in treasury, corresponding to 0.78% of the share capital.

3. Cross-shareholdings

There are no cross-shareholdings.

4. Capital structure

4.1. Capital

As of 31 December 2019, the fully paid nominal share capital of Clariant Ltd totaled CHF 1,228,175,036.30 and was divided into 331,939,199 registered shares, each with a par value of CHF 3.70. Clariant Ltd shares have been listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange since 1995 (symbol: CLN, ISIN CH0012142631). Clariant Ltd does not issue non-voting equity securities (Genuss scheine or Partizipationsscheine). Based on the closing price of the Clariant share of CHF 21.60 on 31 December 2019, the company’s market capitalization at year-end amounted to CHF 7,170 billion. There was no change in the capital structure of Clariant Ltd in the last three years (2017 to 2019).

4.2. Conditional capital

The company’s share capital may be increased by no more than CHF 14,103,978.20 by issuing the remaining 3,811,886 registered shares, each with a par value of CHF 3.70, corresponding to 1.14837% of the current share capital.

The details are set out in Article 5 of the Articles of Association. The Articles of Association can be found on our website at www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association

4.3. Distribution of capital reserves

In the 2019 calendar year, a distribution of CHF 0.55 per share from capital reserves was decided by the Annual General Meeting. The total amount of CHF 181,357,499.40 was paid out on 8 April 2019. A table with additional information on the distribution of capital reserves can be found on page 34 (Note 17) of the Financial Report 2019.

4.4. Transferability of shares

The transfer of registered shares requires the approval of the Board of Directors, which may delegate this function. Approval is granted if the acquirer discloses his/her identity and confirms that the shares have been acquired in his/her own name and for his/her own account.

4.5. Nominee registrations and voting rights

Each registered share entitles the holder to one vote at the shareholders’ meetings. Special rules according to Article 6 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association) apply to nominees who fail to disclose the identity of the persons they represent and whose shareholding exceeds 2%.

4.6. Options

There are no options or option rights.

5. Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of Clariant Ltd comprises at least six and no more than twelve members pursuant to Article 19 of the Articles of Association of Clariant Ltd (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association).

All members of the Board of Directors, except for Hariolf Kottmann, who held the position of CEO until 15 October 2018 and who has been serving as Executive Chairman since 24 July 2019, are considered to be independent in accordance with best-practice standards. No member of the Board of Directors exceeds any of the maximum number of mandates as stipulated in Article 38 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association), except for Abdullah Mohammed Alissa in accordance with the transitional provision, Article 44, in the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association).
5.1. Members of the Board of Directors

5.1.1. Hariolf Kottmann, German citizen

Function at Clariant: Chairman of the Board of Directors since 16 October 2018 and, since 24 July 2019, Executive Chairman (until the position of Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is newly filled)

Born: 1955

Year of first election: 2008

Professional career: Hariolf Kottmann earned his PhD in organic chemistry at the University of Stuttgart in 1984. In 1985, he launched his career at the former Hoechst AG in Frankfurt, where he held several key management positions across the company’s chemical divisions and functions. In 1996, he was appointed Deputy Head of the Basic Chemicals Division at Hoechst AG and took responsibility for the Inorganic Chemicals BU. In 1998, he joined Celanese Ltd in New Jersey (United States) as a member of the Executive Committee and Head of the Organic Chemicals BU. In April 2001, he was appointed as member of the Executive Committee of SGL Carbon AG, where he was responsible for the Graphite Specialties, Corrosion Protection, and Advanced Materials Divisions as well as the Eastern Europe and Asia regions until 30 September 2008. He was also in charge of the SGL Excellence and Technology & Innovation corporate functions. He has been a member of the Board of Directors of Clariant Ltd since April 2008 and became CEO of Clariant on 1 October 2008. He held this position until 15 October 2018.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):

Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) none.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) two: Plansee Holding AG, Austria; Member of the Advisory Board and of the Audit Committee of Röhm GmbH, Darmstadt, Germany.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) four: Member of the Board of Trustees of ETH Zurich Foundation; Member of the Board of Trustees of Aventis Foundation, Frankfurt; Member of the Board of Cefic (European Chemical Industry Council) and of its Executive Committee; Chairman of the Board of Clariant Foundation.

5.1.2. Dr. Khaled Homza A. Nahas, Saudi Arabian citizen

Function at Clariant: Vice-Chairman, non-executive member of the Board of Directors

Born: 1949

Year of first election: 2018

Professional career: Dr. Khaled Homza A. Nahas holds the following degrees: a BSc in mining and engineering from the University of Washington, Seattle, USA; a master’s degree in industrial engineering and economics from Stanford University, California, USA; PhD in engineering and economic systems from Stanford University, California, USA. Dr. Khaled Homza A. Nahas is a member of the SABIC Board of Directors, Head of the Risk and Sustainability Committee, and member of both the Audit and Investment Committee. Dr. Khaled Homza A. Nahas was a Board member of Hassanah Investment Company and the National Water Company until 2017. Previously, he held various positions in Saudi Arabia, including Vice President of the Industrial Committee in the Chamber of Commerce and Industry (1986 to 1989), and was also a member of the Shoura Council (1997 to 2001) and the Mayor of Mecca (2001 to 2006). Dr. Khaled Homza A. Nahas was also a member of the Boards of Directors of several companies, including Saudi Investment Bank, General Organization of Military Industries, Saudi Hotels & Resorts Company (SHARACO), Saudi Telecom Company STC, National Commercial Bank, and Riyad Bank. He was also Chairman of the Board of Directors of the National Company for Spring Mattresses & Sponges and the Tabuk Hotels Company.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):

Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) one: Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC), Saudi Arabia.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) one: Methak Holding Ltd., Saudi Arabia.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) none.

5.1.3. Abdullah Mohammed Alissa, Saudi Arabian citizen

Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors

Born: 1956

Year of first election: 2018

Professional career: Abdullah Mohammed Alissa holds a BSc in industrial engineering and an MSc in engineering management from Southern Methodist University in Dallas, USA. Abdullah Mohammed Alissa is a member of the SABIC Board of Directors and member of both the Audit and Investment Committees. Abdullah Mohammed Alissa is also the Chairman of Assila Investments Company and Chairman of Abdullah Mohammed Alissa Consulting Engineers. In addition, he is the Chairman of Dur Hospitality Co., Chairman of Amias Holding Co., and Chairman of Riyad Bank. Abdullah Mohammed Alissa is also on the Boards of several other companies, including Saudi Arabian Mining Company (Ma’aden) and Etihad Etisalat (Mobily). He previously held the positions of Chairman of National Medical Care Co. and Chairman of Arabian Cement.
5.1.4. Günter von Au, German citizen

Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1951
Year of first election: 2011

Professional career: After studying textile and polymer chemistry at Reutlingen University and Chemistry at the University of Tübingen, where he obtained a doctorate, Günter von Au began his career in 1980 in Burghausen at Wacker-Chemie AG. He held a number of different management positions at the company through 2001 in Germany, Brazil, and the United States – most recently as Head of Wacker's division for polymers, specialty chemistry, and basic chemistry in Munich. He was also CEO of Wacker Polymer Systems GmbH & Co. KG in Burghausen, Germany. He joined Süd-Chemie in 2001 as President and CEO of Süd-Chemie Inc. In 2004, he became CEO of the Management Board of Süd-Chemie AG in Munich and held this position until 31 March 2012. On 1 April 2012, Mr. von Au joined the Board of Directors at Clariant Ltd and acted as Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors until 16 October 2018.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) five: Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC), Saudi Arabia; Dur Hospitality Company, Saudi Arabia; Riyad Bank, Saudi Arabia; Saudi Arabian Mining Company (Ma’aden), Saudi Arabia; Ethad Etisalat (Mobily), Saudi Arabia.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) one: Assila Investments Company, Saudi Arabia.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) two: Abdullah Mohammed Alissa Consulting Engineers, Saudi Arabia; Amias Holding Company, Saudi Arabia.

5.1.5. Calum MacLean, British citizen

Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1963
Year of first election: 2018

Professional career: Calum MacLean holds a BSc (Hons) degree in chemistry from Aberdeen University, UK. Calum MacLean has been a member of the SABIC Board (Non-Executive Director) and a member of the Risk and Sustainability Committee since 2017. Calum MacLean has been Chief Executive Officer of Synthomer plc (UK FTSE 250 listed), a speciality chemical company, since January 2015. Previously, he was a founding member of INEOS Group, established in 1998. During his time at INEOS, he held a number of senior executive roles, including Chief Executive Officer of INEOS Refining from December 2006 to 2011, Chief Executive Officer of EVC Corporation and subsequently INEOS ChlorVinyls until 2005, Chief Executive Officer of INEOS Styrenics and subsequently Chairman of Styrolution (at that time a joint venture with BASF), and Chief Executive Officer of PetroIneos Refining (a joint venture with Petro China). Additionally, he served as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of INEOS Olefins and Polymers Europe and Chief Executive Officer of INEOS Phenol.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) two: Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC), Saudi Arabia; Synthomer plc, UK.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) none.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) none.

5.1.6. Geoffery Merszei, Canadian and Swiss citizen

Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1951
Year of first election: 2018

Professional career: Geoffery Merszei holds a BSc in economics from Albion College in Michigan, USA. Geoffery Merszei is the Chairman and Chief Executive of Zolenza AG, an investment and advisory firm based in Zug, Switzerland. Geoffery Merszei was previously the Executive Vice President of The Dow Chemical Company, President of Dow Europe, the Middle East and Africa, and Chairman of Dow Europe before retiring in 2013. He served on Dow's board from 2005 to 2009 and was the Lead Director on the board of Dow Corning Corporation. He was also Chairman of Dow’s Geographic Leadership Council and a member of Dow’s Executive Leadership Committee. Previously, he was Dow’s Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. In 2001, Geoffery Merszei served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of...
Alcan Inc. He has also served as a board member of the Chemical Financial Corporation and as a trustee and executive committee member of the United States Council for International Business. Further board mandates include OC Oerlikon Corporation AG and EuroChem Group AG.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) one: OC Oerlikon Corporation AG, Switzerland.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) one: EuroChem Group AG, Switzerland.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) one: Zolenza AG, Switzerland.

5.1.7. Eveline Saupper, Swiss citizen
Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors; independent Lead Director since 24 July 2019
Born: 1958
Year of first election: 2016

Professional career: Eveline Saupper studied law at the University of St. Gallen, Switzerland (HSG). She was a partner at the law firm Homburger AG, Zurich, Switzerland, until 2014 and Of Counsel of said law firm until March 2017. Before joining Homburger in 1985, she worked as a tax specialist with Peat Marwick Mitchell (today KPMG) in Zurich. She holds a PhD in law from the University of St. Gallen and passed her bar exams in Zurich. Eveline Saupper is also a certified tax expert.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) two: Flughafen Zürich AG, Switzerland; Georg Fischer AG, Switzerland.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) three: Stäubli Holding AG, Switzerland; Hoval Aktiengesellschaft, Liechtenstein; Interhoval AG, Switzerland.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) three: Mentex Holding AG, Switzerland; UZH Foundation [University of Zurich], Switzerland; Tourismus Savognin Bivio Albula AG, Switzerland.

5.1.8. Carlo G. Soave, British citizen
Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1960
Year of first election: 2008

Professional career: Carlo G. Soave studied languages and economics at Heriot-Watt University in Edinburgh, Scotland. He launched his career in 1982 at Oerlikon-Bührle in Switzerland, moving to Procter & Gamble in 1984. There, he held various senior management positions, including Vice President of Global Purchasing for the Fabric and Home Care Division. In 2004, he founded Soave & Associates, a consulting company based in Brussels, Belgium. He is an Advisory Board member of MonoSol LLC, a company based in Indiana (United States) that belongs to the Kuraray Group (Japan).

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a): none.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) one: Advisory Board of MonoSol LLC, United States.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) one: Managing Director of Soave & Associates, Belgium.

5.1.9. Peter Steiner, German citizen
Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1959
Year of first election: 2016

Professional career: Peter Steiner studied business administration in Mannheim and Cologne, Germany, and finished with a master’s degree. He is a German certified public accountant, tax advisor, and business consultant with a focus on mergers and acquisitions, financing, and investment management. Peter Steiner was previously a partner of the investment company One Equity Partners LLC and worked for MG Technologies AG as its Chief Financial Officer. At Dyckerhoff AG, he was successively CFO, Chief Operating Officer, and finally CEO. Following his many years as an auditor with Arthur Andersen & Co., he was also CFO of Süba Bau AG.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) three: Zeal Network SE, Germany; Lotto 24 AG, Germany; Wienerberger AG, Austria.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) one: RKW Holding SARL, Luxembourg.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) none.
5.1.10. Claudia Suessmuth Dyckerhoff, German citizen
Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1967
Year of first election: 2016

Professional career: Claudia Suessmuth Dyckerhoff holds a PhD in business administration from the University of St. Gallen/University of Michigan Ann Arbor, USA, focusing on strategy, organization, and operational excellence. Claudia Suessmuth Dyckerhoff also holds an MBA from CEMS/ESADE. She joined McKinsey in 1995 in Switzerland and since then focused on advising mainly healthcare companies in Europe, the United States, Greater China, and across Asia. She was a Senior Partner at McKinsey & Company and led the Asia Health Services and Systems sector within McKinsey until March 2016 when she became a Senior External Advisor to McKinsey.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) one: Roche Holding AG, Switzerland.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) three: Member of Board of Directors at Ramsay Health Care (Sydney); Member of Board of Directors at Cyncadia Ltd., Hong Kong (start-up); Member of Board of Directors at Edugreen Education & Services Ltd., Kolkata, India (start-up).
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) four: Member of the Advisory Council at Buurtzorg Neighborhood Care Asia Ltd., Hong Kong; Member of the Advisory Council of the University of St. Gallen, Switzerland; Member of the Advisory Council at IMA [International Market Assessment], Shanghai, China; Member of the Board of Trustees of St. Galler Stiftung für Internationale Studien (SSIS), Switzerland.

5.1.11. Susanne Wamsler, US citizen
Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1961
Year of first election: 2015

Professional career: Susanne Wamsler studied at Princeton University in Princeton, New Jersey, USA, graduating with a degree in political economy. From 1984 to 1988, she held various positions with Deutsche Bank AG in Munich and New York. In 1989, she received her MBA from INSEAD in Fontainebleau, France. Since then, she has been a successful entrepreneur in different fields, including retail, real estate, telecommunications, and wealth management. She complemented her education with certificates in board membership and corporate governance and has previously held mandates and officer positions in different businesses as well as non-profit organizations before joining the Clariant Board.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association): none

5.1.12. Konstantin Winterstein, German citizen
Function at Clariant: Non-executive member of the Board of Directors
Born: 1969
Year of first election: 2011

Professional career: Konstantin Winterstein studied at the Technical Universities in Darmstadt and in Berlin, where he completed a degree in production engineering. In 2004, he received his MBA from INSEAD in Fontainebleau and Singapore. From 1997 to 2014, he held various positions with the BMW Group. Since 2014, he has been a member of the management board of Ringmetall AG in Munich, and Co-CEO since 2017. From 2006 to 2011, he served on the Supervisory Board of Süd-Chemie AG.

Other activities: Board of Directors/Supervisory Board mandates as stipulated in Article 38 para 1 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association):
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. a) one: Ringmetall AG, Germany.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. b) one: GFT Holding GmbH, Germany.
Mandates according to Article 38 para 1 lit. c) none.

5.2. Cross-involvement
There are no cross-involvements.

6. Elections
The members of the Board of Directors of Clariant Ltd, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, as well as the members of the Compensation Committee will be elected individually for a term of one year by the Annual General Meeting. Only members of the Board of Directors are eligible to the Compensation Committee.
7. Internal organizational structure

7.1. The Board of Directors and its committees

The Board of Directors consists of the Chairman, one or more Vice-Chairpersons, and the other members. Except for Hariolf Kottmann, who held the position of CEO until 15 October 2018, none of the non-executive members of the Board of Directors held a senior management position at Clariant Ltd or any current or former Clariant Group company between 2017 and 2019 or has any significant business relationship with Clariant Ltd or any other Clariant Group company. Hariolf Kottmann has also held the position of Executive Chairman since 24 July 2019. The members of the Board of Directors constitute the following committees:

— Nomination Committee
— Compensation Committee
— Audit Committee

The Board of Directors appoints the members of the committees, except for the members of the Compensation Committee, who are elected by the Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors meets at least once a quarter. At the invitation of the Chairman, the CEO, the CFO, and other members of the Executive Committee and/or other employees and third parties attend the meetings of the Board of Directors for the purpose of reporting or imparting information. Each committee has a written charter outlining its duties and responsibilities. The committees’ charters are published on Clariant’s website (www.clariant.com/committees). The committees report on their activities and results to the Board of Directors. They prepare the business of the Board of Directors in their respective areas.

The Nomination Committee (NC) comprises the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, and at least two other members of the Board of Directors. The NC meets as needed. The NC draws up principles for the selection of candidates for election and reelection to the Board of Directors and to the CEO and other members of the Executive Committee and prepares the corresponding recommendations. The NC considers and submits to the Board of Directors the CEO’s proposals concerning candidates for Executive Committee positions. www.clariant.com/committees

The Compensation Committee (CoC) comprises five members of the Board of Directors as elected by the Annual General Meeting. The majority of the members shall be non-executive members of the Board of Directors. The CoC meets at least twice a year. It reviews and proposes to the Board of Directors the compensation and benefits policies and programs, reviews the performance criteria relevant to compensation, and determines individual executive compensation and benefits of the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, subject to the approvals of the total compensations by the Annual General Meeting. Furthermore, the CoC reviews fringe benefit regulations and dismissal regulations with the CEO, members of the Executive Committee, Heads of Global Functions and Global Business Units, and Region Heads always in accordance with the Articles of Association and the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Listed Stock Corporations. More information can be found in the 2019 Compensation Report, section 1, page 3 (reports.clariant.com/2019/compensation/pdf/en) and on www.clariant.com/committees
The **Audit Committee (AC)** comprises two to five members of the Board of Directors who all must be independent, non-executive members of the Board of Directors. A majority of the members of the AC must have financial and accounting experience.

The AC reviews the activities of the external auditors, their collaboration with the internal auditors, and their organizational adequacy. It also reviews the performance, compensation, and independence of the external auditors as well as the performance of the internal auditors and reports back to the Board of Directors. Furthermore, the AC reviews the company’s internal control and risk management systems and reviews compliance with the law and internal regulations – in particular with the Code of Conduct. In collaboration with the Group’s external and internal auditors and financial and accounting management, the AC reviews the appropriateness, effectiveness, and the compliance of accounting policies and financial controls with applicable accounting standards. The AC meets at least four times a year. The AC reviews and recommends the Group’s financial statements for the first three quarters of each year and the annual financial results to the Board of Directors for approval. 

**7.2. Definition of working methods and areas of responsibility**

In accordance with the law and the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors is the ultimate decision-making authority for Clariant Ltd in all matters except those decisions reserved by law or the Articles of Association for the shareholders. In accordance with and supplementary to Article 716a of the Swiss Code of Obligations and Article 22 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association), the Board of Directors has sole authority particularly for the following nontransferable and inalienable duties of the Board of Directors:

– Providing the strategic direction of the Group;
– Approving the basic outline of the Group’s organization and its corporate governance;
– Supervising the overall business operations;
– Evaluating the performance of the CEO and members of the Executive Committee;
– Appointing and dismissing the CEO and members of the Executive Committee, the Head of Corporate Auditing, and other key executives;
– Approving the basic accounting system and financial planning and control of the Group;
– Approving the Group’s annual budget;
– Reviewing and approving the quarterly financial statements and results release for Clariant Ltd and the Group;
– Approving the Group’s consolidated financial statements at the end of the fiscal year for submission to the Annual General Meeting;

– Approving major M&A transactions and financial transactions of considerable scope or those involving special risks, particularly capital market transactions and other financing transactions (e.g., large loans) as well as changes in conditions associated therewith;
– Ensuring a management and corporate culture that is appropriate for the company’s objectives;
– Ensuring an internal control system and adequate risk and compliance management, particularly with regard to financial, corporate governance and citizenship, personnel, and environmental protection matters;
– Ensuring succession planning and management development;
– Convening the Annual General Meeting (AGM) and determining the items on the agenda and the proposals to be made to the AGM.

**7.3. Working methods**

In 2019, the Board of Directors held fifteen meetings in person at the Corporate Center in Pratteln or at other locations in Switzerland. The meeting in June took place in Wiesbaden, Germany, and the meeting in December was held in Munich, Germany. Three of the meetings lasted two days; one lasted three days. Two further meetings were held by phone. From the total of 17 Board meetings held in 2019, 13 were attended by all Board members. At two Board meetings, one Board member was excused, and at two meetings, two Board members were excused. The company’s strategy is reviewed and further developed once a year. Members of the Executive Committee and the General Counsel are invited to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors. The views of external and internal consultants are heard, if necessary, in the case of projects of considerable scope.
7.4. Management of the Group
The Board of Directors has delegated the executive management of the Clariant Group to the CEO and the other members of the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee is mainly responsible for implementing and monitoring the Group strategy, for the financial and operational management of the Group, and for the efficiency of the Group’s structure and organization. The members of the Executive Committee are appointed by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee. Subject to the responsibility of the Board of Directors and the Annual General Meeting, the CEO and, under his supervision, the Executive Committee are responsible for:

— Drawing up strategic plans and policies for approval by the Board of Directors;
— Implementing Group strategies and policies as well as strategies and action programs for individual Business Units and subsidiaries;
— Managing the Business Units and functions to ensure efficient operations, including regularly assessing the achievement of goals;
— Regularly informing the Board of Directors and its committees of all matters of fundamental significance to the Group and its businesses;
— Ensuring compliance with legal requirements and internal regulations;
— Establishing a management and corporate culture in line with the company’s objectives;
— Promoting an active internal and external communications policy;
— Appointing and dismissing senior management, including appropriate succession planning.

The Executive Committee is supported by the Corporate Center, which defines Group-wide policies and guidelines. While reporting in the three Business Areas Care Chemicals (Business Unit Industrial & Consumer Specialties and New Business), Catalysis (Business Unit Catalysts and Business Line Biofuels & Derivatives), and Natural Resources (Business Units Oil and Mining Services, Functional Minerals, and Additives), including the Business Units Masterbatches and Pigments as discontinued operations, the seven Business Units are the highest-level operating units within the Group. They have global responsibility for the activities assigned to them, particularly sales, marketing, product management, and production. The Business Units also have global responsibility for short- and long-term revenue and earnings generated from the operations and assets assigned to them. This includes fully exploiting existing business potential, identifying new business opportunities, and pursuing the active management of their products and services portfolio. The Business Units’ activities are complemented and supported by global Group functions (e.g., Procurement, Finance, Information Technology, Legal, Human Resources, and Group Technology & Innovation), which are organized as service centers.

7.5. Information and control instruments vis-à-vis the Executive Committee
The Board of Directors ensures that it receives sufficient information from the Executive Committee to perform its supervisory duties and make decisions that are reserved for the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors obtains the information required to perform its duties in various ways:

— The CEO and the CFO inform all directors regularly about current developments, including through the regular submission of written reports, such as key performance indicators for each business;
— The minutes of the meetings of the Executive Committee are made available to the directors;
— Informal meetings and teleconferences are held, as required, between the CEO and the members of the Nomination Committee;
— The members of the Executive Committee are invited to attend meetings of the Board of Directors to report on Business Units under their responsibility;
— The members of the Board of Directors are entitled to request information from members of the Executive Committee or any other Clariant senior manager.

7.6. Board committees
The CFO and representatives of the external auditor are invited to Audit Committee meetings. Furthermore, the Heads of Corporate Auditing and Risk Management, the Group Compliance Officer, and Clariant’s General Counsel report on a regular basis to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews the financial reporting processes on behalf of the Board of Directors. For each quarterly and annual reporting of financial information, an internal team reviews the information for accuracy and completeness of disclosures, reporting to the Audit Committee before publication. The Compensation Committee generally meets at least twice per year to adjust the development of the compensation structures to changing conditions, as necessary. In this context, the long-term incentive program for the Executive Committee and the senior management team is also aligned with current market and business developments, and corresponding adjustments are made, if required.
7.7. Internal audit (Corporate Auditing)
Corporate Auditing carries out operational and system audits in accordance with a plan adopted by the Audit Committee. By assisting organizational units in the accomplishment of objectives, it provides an independent approach for the evaluation, improvement, and effectiveness of the internal control framework. The quality of Corporate Auditing is regularly assessed in accordance with the requirements of The Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA). Corporate Auditing also prepares reports on the audits it has performed and reports actual or suspected irregularities to the Audit Committee and the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee regularly reviews the scope, plans, and results of Corporate Auditing. The Group pursues a risk-oriented approach to auditing and coordinates internal audit activities with the external auditors on a regular basis. More information on Clariant’s risk management system can be found on page 15.

8. Group management

8.1. The Executive Committee
The Executive Committee (EC) consists of the CEO, the CFO, and two other members. The Executive Committee regularly holds meetings at the Corporate Center in Pratteln or at other Clariant sites worldwide. It uses such external meetings to discuss business performance with the management of the local companies in person.

8.2. Members of the Executive Committee

8.2.1. Hariolf Kottmann, German citizen, Executive Chairman since 24 July 2019
Until the position of Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is newly filled, Hariolf Kottmann acts as Executive Chairman. Operational responsibilities: Corporate Planning & Strategy and Clariant Excellence (until 31 October 2019); Group Communication; Group Legal; Group Human Resources.

8.2.2. Ernesto Occhiello, Italian citizen, Chief Executive Officer (CEO) until 23 July 2019
Operational responsibilities: Corporate Planning & Strategy; Group Communications; Group Human Resources; Group Legal; Clariant Excellence.

Ernesto Occhiello holds a laurea in chemistry with honors from the University of Turin. He started his career in 1985 at Istituto Guido Donegani, where he became a leading scientist in the field of surface characterization and modification. Between 1991 and 2001, he held several positions at EniChem, where he led the technical aspects of the due diligence and negotiations for the sale of the polyurethane business to Dow Chemical. From 2001 to 2011, he was responsible for a global scientific workforce and championed R&D of several businesses of Dow Chemical. Between 2009 and 2011, he worked as Dow’s R&D Director Performance Systems and R&D Director Europe, India, Middle East & Africa, based in Horgen, Switzerland.

In 2011, Ernesto Occhiello joined SABIC as Executive Vice President Technology & Innovation, Chief Sustainability Officer, and Member of the Executive Committee. In 2015, he became Executive Vice President Innovative Plastics Strategic Business Unit, leading a major restructure, which resulted in the creation of a true Specialties Strategic Business Unit in 2016. Ernesto Occhiello was appointed as CEO of Clariant effective as of 16 October 2018.
8.2.3. Hans Bohnen, German citizen,  
Chief Operating Officer (COO) since 24 July 2019
Operational responsibilities: Business Area Care Chemicals;  
Business Area Catalysis; Business Area Natural Resources (from  
1 July 2019); Business Area Plastics & Coatings, resp. Business  
Units Masterbatches and Pigments (until 31 October 2019); Group  
Procurement Services; Group Technology & Innovation;  
Digital4Clariant; regions Latin America and North America.  
Hans Bohnen studied chemistry at the University of Duisburg-Essen,  
Germany, obtained a PhD in chemistry from the University of  
Tübingen, Germany, and holds an MBA from the Aston Business  
School. Hans Bohnen began his career in 1995 as a Research Chemist  
at Hoechst AG. Between 1995 and 2006, he held several senior  
positions in Research & Development and Operations across Europe  
and North America for Hoechst AG, Celanese AG, and SGL Group.  
From 2007 to 2009, he worked in strategic management consultancy  
with Booz Allen Hamilton. In 2010, he became Senior Vice Presi-  
dent and Head of Clariant’s Business Unit Masterbatches. In 2015,  
he was appointed Head of Clariant Global Business Services to build  
up Clariant’s internal shared service organization. On 12 October  
2018, he was appointed a member of the Executive Committee of  
Clariant.

8.2.4. Bernd Hoegemann, German citizen,  
EC member since 1 November 2019
Operational responsibilities: Business Unit Masterbatches; Business  
Unit Pigments; Clariant Excellence; Corporate Planning & Strategy;  
Corporate Sustainability & Regulatory Affairs (including Corporate  
ESHA); region Asia-Pacific (i.e. India, Southeast Asia & Pacific,  
Japan, Greater China). Bernd Hoegemann also currently heads the  
Business Unit Masterbatches until its divestment is completed.  
In 2006, Bernd Hoegemann received his doctorate in economics  
from the University of Münster (Germany), where he had also com-  
pleted his master’s degree in psychology. He also holds a master’s  
degree in business administration from the University of Hagen (Ger-  
many). He began his career as a consultant in 2000 and has held  
several positions as a senior consultant with renowned companies.  
In 2008, he joined Clariant, where he was responsible for Senior  
Management Development. From 2012 until 2017, he headed up the  
Clariant Excellence unit. From 2015 until 2018, Bernd Hoegemann  
was Head of Corporate Planning & Strategy. He was appointed Head  
of the BU Masterbatches in 2017.

8.2.5. Patrick Jany, German citizen,  
Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
Operational responsibilities: Corporate Accounting; Corporate Con-  
trolling; Corporate Tax; Corporate Treasury; Corporate Mergers &  
Acquisitions; Group Finance Services; Global Business Services;  
Group Compliance; Group Information Technology; Investor Rela-  
tions; regions Europe and Middle East & Africa.  
Patrick Jany studied economics at the École Supérieure de Commerce  
de Paris. He has been Chief Financial Officer at Clariant since 1 Janu- 
ary 2006. In 1990, he joined Sandoz – one of Clariant’s predecessor  
companies. He held various positions in finance and controlling at  
Sandoz and Clariant, including Chief Financial Officer for the ASEAN  
region and Head of Controlling for the Pigments & Additives Divi- 

tion. From 2003 to 2004, he was Head of Country Organization for  
Clariant in Mexico. Prior to his appointment as CFO, he was  
Clariant’s Head of Corporate Development with responsibility for  
Group strategy and mergers and acquisitions.

8.2.6. Christian Kohlpaintner, German citizen,  
EC member until 30 June 2019
Operational responsibilities: Business Area Care Chemicals; Business  
Area Catalysis; Business Area Natural Resources; Group Technol- 
ogy & Innovation; Corporate Sustainability & Regulatory Affairs;  
regions Greater China, India, Japan, and South East Asia & Pacific.  
Christian Kohlpaintner studied chemistry at the Technical Universi- 

ty of Munich and completed his PhD in 1992. Between 1993 and  
1997, he worked in various research departments of Hoechst AG in  
Germany and the United States. In 1997, he joined Celanese Ltd  
and held a number of leadership roles at Celanese Chemicals Corpora- 

tion. In 2002, he became Vice President Innovation of Celanese  
Ltd and Executive Director of Celanese Ventures Corporation. From  
2003, he was a member of the Executive Committee of Chemische  
Fabrik Budenheim. In 2005, he became CEO. On 1 October 2009, he  
was appointed a member of the Executive Committee of Clariant.

8.3. Other activities and functions
While the members of the Executive Committee may undertake  
other activities in accordance with Article 38 para 2 of the Articles  
of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Govern-
ance/Articles-of-Association), none of the members of the Execu- 
tive Committee undertake other activities or hold consultancy func-  
tions or other offices, except for  
— Patrick Jany: member of the Board of Directors and of the Audit  
Committee of Comet Holding AG, Switzerland, since  
25 April 2019 and, since 21 June 2019, independent Lead Director;  
— Ernesto Occhiello (with Clariant until 23 July 2019): member of a  
scientific committee of the Agroinnova institute, University of  
Turin, and  
— Christian Kohlpaintner (with Clariant until 30 June 2019): chair- 
man of the university foundation of the Technische Universität  
München (TUM) in Munich, Germany, member of the Board of  
Trustees of the scientific journal »Angewandte Chemie«, Wein- 
heim, Germany, and member of the Board of the business associa- 
tion scienceindustries Switzerland, Zurich, Switzerland.
8.4. Management contracts with third parties
There are no management contracts with third parties.

8.5. Contractual arrangements for members of the Executive Committee
All members of the Executive Committee hold employment contracts with Clariant International Ltd, the Clariant Group’s management company. The contractual provisions are governed exclusively by Swiss law. Contracts of the members of the Executive Committee are subject to a standard notice period of twelve months.

8.6. Compensation, shareholdings, and loans

9. Remuneration, shareholdings, and loans
All information on the remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee of Clariant Ltd can be found in the 2019 Compensation Report (reports.clariant.com/2019/compensation/pdf/en).

10. Shareholders’ participation rights
Subject to Article 6 para 2 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association), providing certain limitations on voting by nominees, each registered share entitles the holder to one vote at the Annual General Meeting. Shareholders have the right to receive dividends and such other rights as are granted by the Swiss Code of Obligations. However, only shareholders entered in the Clariant share register may exercise their voting rights.

10.1. Voting right restrictions and representation
A registered shareholder may be represented at the Annual General Meeting by another shareholder with the right to vote, a legal representative, or by the independent proxy (unabhängiger Stimmrechtsvertreter). The shares held by any one shareholder may be represented by only one representative. There are no special rules for waiving any voting rights restrictions laid down in the Articles of Association. The Articles of Association also do not contain any rules on participation in the Annual General Meeting that differ from the standard terms proposed by law.

10.2. Statutory quorums
The quorums laid down in the Articles of Association correspond to those in Article 704 of the Swiss Code of Obligations.

10.3. Convocation of the Annual General Meeting
The Articles of Association do not contain any rules that differ from the standard terms proposed by law.

10.4. Proposal of agenda items for the 2021 Annual General Meeting
The Articles of Association do not contain any rules that differ from the standard terms proposed by law. Shareholders representing shares with a total par value of CHF 1 million have the right to submit written requests that an item be included on the agenda at least 45 days prior to the 26th Annual General Meeting on 7 April 2021. Items to be included on the agenda – with regard to the 2020 financial year – must be submitted no later than 21 February 2021. Such requests must specify the item(s) to be included on the agenda and must contain a proposal on which the shareholder requests a vote.

10.5. Entries in the share register
There are no statutory rules concerning deadlines for entry in the share register. However, for practical reasons, the share register will be closed to entries several days before a shareholder meeting. With regard to the Annual General Meeting 2021 concerning the financial year 2020, this applies as of 5 April 2021. Shareholders who have been entered into the share register by 2 April 2021 may exercise their right to vote at the Annual General Meeting on 7 April 2021. There are no voting rights restrictions except those mentioned above.

11. Change of control and defense measures
The limit beyond which the duty to make an offer applies is the same as the statutory minimum, 33 1/3 %. There are no clauses on changes of control in agreements with members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee other than:

a) with regard to the Performance Share Units (PSU): PSUs unvested at the date of change of control vest on a pro-rata basis. The Board of Directors is authorized, at its discretion, to assess if the performance targets are met and to decide on settlement in shares or in cash;

b) with regard to the Matching Share Plan (MSP): The blocking period of the Investment Shares of the MSP terminates on the date of the change of control and entitles to receive Matching Shares on a pro-rata basis;

c) with regard to the Clariant Long-Term Incentive Plan (CLIP): a pro-rata settlement in cash of the vested Performance Share Units on the assumed basis that performance targets had been achieved to 80 %.

12. Information policy
Notices are published, in accordance with Article 42 of the Articles of Association (www.clariant.com/en/Company/Corporate-Governance/Articles-of-Association), in the Swiss Official Gazette of Commerce, and in daily newspapers specified by the Board of Directors (currently Basler Zeitung, Neue Zürcher Zeitung). Clariant releases its annual financial results in the form of Financial Statements and publishes further information in the form of an Integrated Report in printed and electronic form. In addition, business figures for the first quarter, half year, nine months, and full year are published in electronic form in April, July, October, and February of the following year, respectively. Current publication dates can be
13. Auditors

13.1. Duration of the mandate and term of office of the lead auditor
PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) has held the mandate since Clariant Ltd was established in 1995. The principle of rotation applies to the lead auditor, Rolf Johner, who was first appointed in April 2016. The Audit Committee ensures that the position of lead auditor is changed at least every seven years.

13.2. Auditing fees
PricewaterhouseCoopers received a fee of CHF 7.0 million for auditing the 2019 financial statements, comprising recurring audit services of CHF 4.8 million (2018: CHF 5.5 million) and audit services related to disposal projects of CHF 2.2 million.

13.3. Additional fees
PricewaterhouseCoopers received a total fee of CHF 0.8 million for additional services (2018: CHF 0.5 million). These services comprise audit-related services of CHF 0.2 million, tax services of CHF 0.5 million, and consulting services of CHF 0.1 million (2018: no consulting services).

13.4. Supervisory and control instruments vis-à-vis the auditors
The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing and evaluating the performance of the external auditors on behalf of the Board of Directors and recommends to the Board of Directors whether PwC should be proposed to the Annual General Meeting for reelection. Criteria applied for the performance assessment of PwC include technical and operational competence, independent and objective view, employment of sufficient resources, focus on areas of significant risk to Clariant, ability to provide effective and practical recommendations, and open and effective communication and coordination with the Audit Committee, Corporate Auditing, and management. In 2019, six joint meetings were held with the external auditor's representatives. These meetings were attended by members of the Audit Committee, the partner and senior manager of the audit firm, Clariant’s CFO, the Head of Corporate Accounting, the General Counsel, and partly the Group Compliance Officer. Depending on the topics to be discussed, the meetings were also attended by the Group Risk Manager. The auditors communicate audit plans and findings to the Audit Committee and issue reports to the Board of Directors in accordance with Article 728b of the Swiss Code of Obligations. The Audit Committee’s approval is required for all services provided by PwC exceeding a fee volume of CHF 25,000. These services may include audit and audit-related services as well as tax and other services. PwC and the Executive Committee report to the Audit Committee on a regular basis regarding the extent of services provided in connection with this approval.

14. Enterprise risk management (ERM)
In the framework of the Enterprise Risk Management Policy, risk assessments are prepared by Business Units, Service Units, Corporate Functions and Regions to assess threats that will impact the achievement of the objectives set for Clariant overall. These objectives are a result of the overall strategy of the Group as set by the Board of Directors and implemented by the Executive Committee.
The Executive Committee is responsible for monitoring the risk assessments for relevance and consistency. The Executive Committee has formed an »Ethics and Risk Management« subcommittee, which maintains an up-to-date understanding of areas where Clariant is, or may be, exposed to risk issues and seeks to ensure that management is effectively addressing those issues. The Ethics and Risk Management Committee meets on a quarterly basis.

The short- and long-term objectives are set in the fourth quarter of the year. These objectives and threats are subject to scrutiny by the Executive Committee during meetings with each Business Unit. Also reviewed and discussed are proposed measures to reduce or contain threats. In that context, responsibilities are assigned. All stakeholders are required to report significant changes to existing identified risks and new threats as they arise.

Risk registers are maintained using financial and reputational impact and probability assessments to score and rank all identified risks. The assessment also addresses the measures in place to manage the risk identified and sets dates for completion of the measures.

When threats have been identified and quantified, they are delegated to qualified individuals who are required to deliver effective risk management. Depending on the nature of the risk identified, specific skill sets may be required for the management of those particular risks. The assessments are shared between the stakeholders on a regular basis.

A summary risk assessment is submitted annually to the Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, and the Board of Directors for review. In the case of new or changed risks, reporting is accelerated.

To support functional responsibility, certain functions have access to risk assessments to assist them in their roles. Examples of such functions are Environmental Safety & Health Affairs (ESHA) to identify key sites for their property risk survey program or Group Procurement to ensure reliable and compliant supply of raw materials.

Examples of identified risks included in the risk register:

**Regulation and compliance:** Clariant is subject to many rules and regulations as well as compliance standards. These include chemical industry, country, government, and customer requirements as well as the European Union's (EU) Regulations on Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) or similar regulations in other countries. The function Global Product Stewardship is responsible for ensuring that all relevant legal requirements are met. Certain specific matters are delegated to other functions.

**Sites and locations:** This includes manufacturing plants and equipment important for the production of Clariant products for sale to customers. Also addressed are country and culture issues that could create threats to and opportunities for business objectives. The aim is to maintain high-quality and safe production facilities. ESHA and Regional Services are responsible for the management of the associated risks.

Examples of emerging risks included in the risk register:

**Economic development:** The achievement of corporate targets depends on economic development, which is continuously monitored in all markets. Should a market not develop in line with expectations, the organization will be adjusted accordingly. The global trade uncertainty arising from the currently looming conflicts around trade and tariffs could adversely affect economic development.

**Digital interconnection:** Successful performance of the Clariant Group depends on properly working information systems. Cyber-attacks may result in the loss of data, knowledge, facilities, or money, leading to interruptions in manufacturing and product deliveries. Such attacks might cause significant economic damages as well as loss of trust.